

NWCLUG

VMWare Player

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Intro

- Recently VMWare released a limited version of their workstation virtual machine product called “VMWare Player”
- Originally it was intended to just “play” virtual machines (VM) that other people created in VMWare Workstation Product.
- Player allows users to run pre-existing virtual machines, but not create new ones
- People have figured out how to make their own virtual machines, and install any OS that they want
- Since the bar for entry has been lowered, there is plenty of potential for experimentation! (ie. Test new OS or configurations, run Windows on Linux, eliminate dual-boot machines)

Necessary Files

- Goal is to use only (**legal**) freely available files...
- VMWare player setup file (Linux OR Windows install!)
 - <http://www.vmware.com/download/player/>
- “Browser Appliance VM” - Basically stripped down Ubuntu Linux
 - <http://www.vmware.com/wl/info/1927/0>
- Qemu – Opensource Emulator can create VMWare images from scratch
 - For windows: <http://www.h7.dion.ne.jp/~qemu-win/>
 - For Linux: <http://fabrice.bellard.free.fr/qemu/download.html>
- OS to install (distribution ISO, Windows install CD) – If Needed
 - <http://www.debian.org/CD/>
 - <http://www.ubuntulinux.org/download/>
 - <http://fedora.redhat.com/download/>



Hack the “Browser Appliance”

Goal

To make the “Browser Appliance” VM into a fully usable Ubuntu install.

Hack the “Browser Appliance”

- Get Root on VMWare Player
 - #shell\$ sudo /bin/bash
 - Password: /// input user password ... “vmware”
 - #root@vmware\$ passwd
 - Enter new UNIX password: xxx (enter new pass)
 - Retype new UNIX password: xxx (confirm new pass)
- Update the system
 - In /etc/apt/source.list, uncomment all the lines with “universe” in them
 - Add any new repositories (new releases...etc.)
 - #root@vmware\$ apt-get update
 - #root@vmware\$ apt-get dist-upgrade

Hack the “Browser Appliance”

- If behind a proxy (at work, etc)
 - Create and edit a file named `/etc/apt/apt.conf`
 - Add *Acquire::http::Proxy "http://[[user][:pass]@]host[:port]";;* to file

Install New OS

Goal

To install a new OS ontop of the “Browser Appliance” VM OR onto of a newly created VMWare image

Install Instructions

- 1) Install the VMWare player.
- 2) Download the “browser-appliance” image (OR ... see next slide)
- 3) Download OS iso OR locate installer CD
- 4) Duplicate the Browser-Appliance VM folder – I renamed mine “debian”
- 5) Edit Browser-Appliance.vmx with your favorite text editor. Modify these lines:
 - ide1:0.present = “TRUE”
 - ide1:0.deviceType = "cdrom-image" OR “auto detect”
 - ide1:0.fileName = "c:\vmware\iso\name-of-install-cd.iso" OR “cdrom-raw”
- 6) Start VMWare image from the VMWare player
- 7) Boot VMWare virtual machine. Press F2 during POST and specify CD-ROM as your boot medium.
- 8) Install Debian (or other OS) as you see fit. Make sure the Ethernet is set to “Bridged” and is active before you attempt to install.
- 9) When rebooting after install, make sure to specify your hard-drive as the boot medium, otherwise VMWare will boot from your install CD again.

Post Install

- Make sure you select “vmware” as your video driver in Debian
- If networking is giving you issues make sure you have pcnet32 module enabled.
- VMWare NAT configuration (an option if bridged doesn't work)
 - http://www.vmware.com/support/ws5/doc/ws_net_nat_advanced.html
- Configs will vary between OS's... I am only covering Debian
- Update your OS just like you would if it wasn't a VM install
 - #root@hostname\$ apt-get update
 - #root@hostname\$ apt-get dist-upgrade

Make VMWare Image from scratch

1. Download qemu program

For windows:

<http://www.h7.dion.ne.jp/~qemu-win/>

For Linux:

<http://fabrice.bellard.free.fr/qemu/download.html>

2. Create vmdk disk file like this:

```
qemu-img.exe create -f vmdk
```

3. Create vmx config file using basic options below:

```
config.version = "8"  
virtualHW.version = "3"  
memsize = "128"  
ide0:0.present = "TRUE"  
ide0:0.fileName = "DiskFile.vmdk"
```

-----TO BOOT AN ISO-----

```
ide1:0.present = "TRUE"  
ide1:0.fileName = "c:\debian.iso"  
ide1:0.deviceType = "cdrom-image"
```

OR

-----TO BOOT CDROM-----

```
ide1:0.present = "TRUE"  
ide1:0.fileName = "auto detect"  
ide1:0.deviceType = "cdrom-raw"
```

VMX Config File continued...

```
floppy0.fileName = "A:"  
ethernet0.present = "TRUE"  
ethernet0.connectionType = "nat"  
usb.present = "TRUE"  
sound.present = "TRUE"  
sound.virtualDev = "es1371"  
displayName = "Debian 1"  
guestOS = "other24xlinux"  
nvram = "debian1.nvram"  
scsi0:0.redo = ""  
ethernet0.addressType = "generated"  
uuid.location = "56 4d f3 a5 03 8c cb b9-ed bb 8f 10  
a3 de b0 10"  
uuid.bios = "56 4d f3 a5 03 8c cb b9-ed bb 8f 10 a3 de  
b0 10"  
ide1:0.autodetect = "TRUE"  
ethernet0.generatedAddress = "00:0c:29:de:b0:10"  
ethernet0.generatedAddressOffset = "0"  
checkpoint.vmState = ""  
tools.remindInstall = "TRUE"  
ide0:0.redo = ""
```

**Now just run up the vmx file in the player.
Boot the cdrom/iso and install the os as usual.**

Alternatives

- Qemu - If you're looking for a 100% open source way to run virtual machines in Linux, try Qemu. Not as polished, and slower... (See next slide for tutorial link)
- BOCHS - though powerful, can be hard to configure.
- Xen - Advanced Virtualization, needs special OS modifications ... way over my head!
- Dual Booting - good solution for many people, not me... I hate rebooting.
- These solutions are **not covered in this presentation**, but are brought up in case they fit your needs better.



For more info...

- VMWare Player
 - <http://www.vmware.com/products/player/>
- QEMU Hardware Emulation Guide + Website
 - <http://www.linux.com/article.pl?sid=05/10/24/1845248>
 - <http://fabrice.bellard.free.fr/qemu/>
- BOCHS Website
 - <http://bochs.sourceforge.net/>
- XEN Website
 - <http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/Research/SRG/netos/xen/>

Thank You!